

## Moderato.



LORENZA.

Di - geu - ner\_kind; wie glänzt dein Haar, wie blitzt dein schwarzes Au - gen -  
geu - ner\_kind; wie tönt dein Sang so feu - rig wild das Thal ent -

paar? Was dir so heiss im Busen glüht das kün - det wohl dein Lied. Ob auf der  
lang! Di - geu\_ner\_kind, hast keine Ruh, mußt wan - dern immer zu? So weit der

Hai - de dort, ob in dem Föh - ren - wald,  
Him - mel klar der Er - de wölbt sein - Welt,

all - über\_all' am je - dem Ort das Lied so feu - rig schallt.  
zieht der Diegeu - ner küh - ne Schaar mit Lie - dern durch die Welt!

Hei - da hei, hei - da hei, hei - da hei - da hei, hei - da hei,

Hei - da hei,

heida hei, hei - da hei! Wer mir will Be - glei - ter sein,

Allegro.

der musk Cim - bal schla - gen, o - der auf der Sie - del sich mit dem Bo - gen

pla - gen. Schneller, schneller mei - ne Her - ren, nur nicht zie - ren nur nicht sper - ren!

(Die Geige copirend.)

Geht schon der A - them aus? Ha - ! Ti, ti, ti, ti, ti, ti, ti, ti,

eres.

(Das Cymbal coprend.)

Das Cymbal capriccio.

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the right hand of the piano, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It contains a continuous sequence of eighth-note patterns. The middle staff is for the left hand of the piano, featuring a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It contains a continuous sequence of eighth-note chords. The bottom staff is for the voice, featuring a soprano clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. The lyrics are: "ti, ti, ti, ti, ti, ti, ta, ta, ta, tatta, tatta, tatta, tatta, tatta, ta." The vocal part begins with a sustained note on the first "ti". The piano parts continue throughout the vocal line. The vocal line repeats the pattern of "ti, ti, ti, ti" followed by "ta, ta, ta, tatta" four times. The piano parts provide harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note chords. The vocal part ends with a sustained note on the final "ta".